Tinkercad Lesson 2: Building a Neighborhood

1. Review of Previous Skills (5-7 minutes)

Teacher Action:

- 1. Begin by asking review questions or having students demonstrate skills with a partner:
 - "What do the white and black boxes do?"
 - "How do you raise an object above the workplane?"
 - "How do you rotate an object?"
 - "What does snapping (cruise mode) help you do?"
- 2. Have students start a new project and bring out a cube to briefly practice these skills.

2. Introduction to Grouping and Ungrouping (5-7 minutes)

Activity:

- Drag out a cube and a triangular prism onto the workplane.
- Demonstrate snapping the triangular prism onto the top of the cube to create a simple house shape.
- Show how to group these objects by selecting both (either holding Shift or drawing a rectangle around them) and clicking the Group icon.
 - Move the grouped object to show how it moves as one unit.
- Demonstrate how to ungroup the objects and adjust them separately.
- Show the multi-color feature to maintain individual colors within a grouped object.

• Practice:

 Students practice grouping and ungrouping their cube and prism, experimenting with the multi-color option. You can also give them some time to bring out other shapes and let them group different objects together.

3. Creating Holes (5-7 minutes)

Activity:

 Have students delete any extra shapes they added during practice, keeping only the house (cube and triangular prism grouped together).

- Instruct students to bring out a **round roof** shape and position it in the middle of the house near the bottom.
- Show them how to resize the round roof:
 - Make it taller by extending its height.
 - Narrow it by adjusting its width so it looks more like a tunnel or doorway.
- Demonstrate turning the round roof into a hole using the Hole option.
- Select both the house and the round roof, group them, and explain how the hole creates a cutout in the house.

Practice:

Students follow the same steps to add a tunnel or doorway to their house.

Guiding Questions:

- "What happens when you group a shape with a hole?"
- "How can creating holes make your design more realistic or detailed?"

Teacher Note:

 Highlight how this technique can also be used for windows or other details in future designs. Share how some students have creatively used this method in past projects.

4. Using the Duplicate Feature (5 minutes)

Activity:

- Show how to duplicate a grouped house by selecting it and clicking the Duplicate icon.
- Demonstrate rotating and moving the duplicate to place it opposite the original house.

Practice:

 Students duplicate their houses and adjust the placement to start building their neighborhood.

5. Neighborhood Creation Task (15-20 minutes)

• Task Instructions:

- Challenge students to create a neighborhood on their workplane, starting with their initial house design.
- Requirements:
 - Create at least **two additional house models**, one of which must be a two-story house.

- Use the grouping, hole, and duplicate features to design the houses.
- Optional Extensions:
 - Add streets, grass, trees, or other decorative elements to their neighborhood.

Teacher Tip:

 Guide students through creating a simple one-story house together as an example before they start designing independently.

Guiding Questions:

- "How can you make each house unique using the tools we've learned?"
- "What details can you add to make your neighborhood more realistic?"

6. Reflection and Sharing (5-7 minutes)

Activity:

- Have students participate in a gallery walk to view their peers' neighborhoods.
- Encourage students to explain one skill they used and why it was important to their design.

Guiding Questions for Reflection:

- "What was the most challenging part of building your neighborhood?"
- "How did you use the duplicate feature to save time?"
- "What do you like most about your design?"

Adaptations for Younger Grades (2nd-3rd):

- Focus on grouping, holes, and creating one or two house models.
- Provide additional guided practice before the independent neighborhood task.
- Simplify the requirements for the neighborhood by allowing fewer decorative elements.

Assessment:

- Observe students during practice activities to ensure understanding of grouping, holes, and duplication.
- Evaluate their neighborhoods for creativity and correct use of the required skills.

• Participation in the reflection and sharing activity.

Extension Ideas:

- Faster learners can design additional decorative elements, such as parks, streetlights, or fences.
- Challenge advanced students to create unique buildings, such as a school or library, to add to their neighborhood.